



# The Dark Mirror: Unveiling Id Ego Superego in All Humans

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## ABSTRACT

*Sigmund Freud's Psychoanalysis as a Framework for analyzing the profound psychological Dichotomies in "The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" (Louis, 1886). In essence, by Peeling the veil off the complex nature of the book's characters and their behaviour that alludes to the id, ego, and superego, this study highlights the perennial consequence and topicality of the novel in contemporary times. The research offers a gripping account of Dr. Jekyll's drawings Towards Mr. Hyde, who embodies his suppressed desires and unfettered self. This is what excavates the clash between Jekyll's desires, and the embedded, tight, moral requirements, characterizing Victorian society. The paper also explores how Dr. Jekyll epitomizes the ego, constantly battling the call for restraint. This is an interesting investigation into the hidden psychological issues underlining humanity's long-standing conflict between decadence and Submission. Jekyll's dead suppressed superego comes to life with the death of Dr. Lanyon. It is a crucial turning point that brings out the revival of ethics in him, dismantling his unleashed id's facade and instigating an intensive introspection on the effects of his deeds. Finally, the investigation uncovers the eerie aftermath of Dr. Jekyll's last hand-written will. This text is a sign of warning showing what Can happen if you repress your urges or true feelings deep in yourself – it reflects how deadly this Suppression could be. This paper brings out the deep psychology of Stevenson's masterpiece Through Freudian theory. Repression is imposed by sentiment and reticence. Now there is a conflict between the need for expression and the compression of repression. To overcome this conflict, the author revisits his emotions through literary art and other arts in a valiant or disgusted form. Like a pressure cooker, if Vishal is not out, then the pressure cooker is blasting. This mode of self-expression is a safety-values tool for humans. This detailed analysis exposes deep truths about human behaviour, societal contradictions, and the search for identity. In short, it illustrates how relevant it is to strike a balance between personal wishes and societal demands nowadays.*

**KEYWORDS:** Psychology, psychoanalytic theory, id, ego, superego, Victorian era, human behaviour, inner conflict

## INTRODUCTION

Exploration of human psychology and behaviour is always attracting attention from scholars and Researchers. Within however, Sigmund Freud's psychoanalytic theory which includes the id, ego, and Superego approach in this realm is quite worthwhile. Understandings about the complicated Workings of the human mind. For an enhanced interpretation of literature through the lens, one must Incorporate this into the conceptual frame. It also allows for a deeper understanding of character Motivations, and inner conflicts. This book Makes a considerable sample of Freud's theories. This research paper will look at how applies id, superego, and ego to Doctor Jekyll's life shedding light on different things. His Personality, behaviors, and other characteristics/actions. Furthermore, I shall examine how Dr. Jekyll's dilemmas relate to Carl Jung's theory of the shadow and psychological Theories in general We see the rise of his alter ego, Mr. Hyde, which helps us understand the Importance of the id in Dr. Jekyll's transformation. Mr. Hyde represents that which Dr.

Jekyll could not Tolerate – impulse, violence, brutality. For example, when Hyde steps on a little child Without Remorse or care for her safety, it illustrates the power of the id over Dr. Jekyll's girl. This act Reveals the basic, unrefined parts of man's psychology, revealing at the same time The latent evil in All people. However, an "ego" that acts as the go-between the id and superego becomes apparent in Dr. Jekyll's efforts to remain. Balance between his dual identities. To successfully navigate this tricky Balance, Dr. Jekyll arranges charitable activities and joins them in Cultural events, or appearing socially respectable. He tries to make amends this way to be one with the soul inside Desires with societal expectations. This is a struggle that many students can identify with struggling to keep an inner balance. How one maintains self among multiple social pressures and personal Goals. However, in Dr. Jekyll's life, the breaking point is within the domain of the superego or his Moral conscience. The tragic death of his friend Dr. Lanyon was very painful to him because it made him guilty and caused him to reflect deeply. This pivotal event Makes him face the after-effects of his deeds



and most importantly: the moral issues behind his tests. The superego's Dr. Jekyll notices That he is now being influenced more strongly and that these consequences are too severe for him. Indulgence. The significance of ethical matters and their potential implications in causing such a Breaking point. Ignoring the ethical boundaries can correlate to students dealing with their problems, as well as ethical challenges. Using Carl Jung's theory of the shadow, Dr. Jekyll's Experience could also be interpreted. Jung believed that the shadow is what remains suppressed Within us and which we deny being a part of ourselves. Ultimately influencing our behaviours'. Here, Mr. Hyde represents the blackened and hidden sides of Dr. Jekyll. That he consciously suppresses. To do So, he would have to dissociate himself in some manner from those aspects if he wanted to retain a sense of propriety and respectability. Nevertheless, while Mr. Hyde appears, it is evident that the Shadow cannot be denied and cannot be suppressed. One's shadow self can be dangerous. A closer Look at Dr. Will also involves an in-depth assessment drawing on the integrative Jungian theory. Multi-Dimensionality of Jekyll's character, showing his inner conflicts Finally, using Freud's id, Ego, and superego model and how it relates to other psychology. A deeper understanding of Dr Jekyll's complex personality and such theories as the Shadow by Carl Jung. Mr. Hyde in "The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde." Id's unbridled impulses, the Ego's balance, and This is a complex Analysis of Doctor Jekyll's psychology and the point where his superego reaches its breaking limit. Moreover, the incorporation of Jungian such theory deepens into his internal turmoil and conflicts even more. Through studying Dr. Jekyll's experiences, students can glean important perspectives About the complexity of human behaviors that they can use as personal models to contemplate their own life choices. Understanding of the human mind, and an insight into human nature

## RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This study makes use of the Textual Analysis... Offline and online research for this study. Some relevant books and journal articles have been read and viewed on YouTube. As well as, web pages concerned with this Issue. Paper. This study utilizes a survey as its Major data. A novel called The Strange. Robert Louis Stevenson (2003) Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde. All the secondary data. References regarding the social historical theoretical standpoint in the backdrop of the Victorian era. References of psychological approach. Therefore, this paper adopted a qualitative Approach. Using an identified method, to look at the data. During the examination of the information. First, there is a reading of the novel's intrinsic elements. It was carried out with a view to the characters- Dr. Edward Hyde, the lordly Mr. Hyde, and Mr. Utterson. Dr.Lanyonthe Theory of psychoanalytics adopted in this study is competent to reveal the psychology of the mind of humans. Victorian gentlemen image through the personality traits of the main characters in the novel.

## A Writer's Dualities: The psychological dichotomies of Robert Louis Stevenson:

Suffered from a Serious disease of bronchial trouble from childhood The novel is based on science fiction, horror, and detainment. And we reflected on the world when Stevenson wrote the novella before we drove in, fascinated. In the world of Victorian London Stevenson inherited his mother's weak cheats and response to a bad Cough and chronic infection. Because of this, he spent all his time in the house and missed school and outdoor tours. The house became his all-life and world; he has only one true friend, his nurse Allison Cunningham (Cummy). He activated his imagination with the help of Cummy. He wants to follow his dad's tradition of lighthouse engineering. He got university admission, but he realized it wasn't his thing, so he decided to study law. Stevensonhas no plans to become a lawyer; instead, he is A digital Weber who lived above his means as a young man. His relationship with Dr.Lanyon and Mr.Uttersonshows his university's loyal friend group. Stevenson fell in love with a married woman, Fanny, 36 years old. She divorced her ex, and then married Stevenson in 1880. Stevensonseems Impossible in reality, and that is because he offends his nonsense childhood by saying that he had a Dual nature. He found it quite useful. Stevensoneven referred to his double consciousness. Like myself and other fellows, the person he referred to as me was his everyday rational self, while the Other fellow was his valid side, an unpredictable and highly creative side. He started to sleep away, And that probablydepends on which side of his personality he nourished the most, the same as Jekyll and Hyde. He asks some daring questions: what if there is weight between physically separate Aspects on opposing sides, and what will happen if we leave our devil run free without Consequence, unlike other gothic horrors? Shilling shockers of his time Jekyll the setting of this novel Is Edinburgh, Scotland. Victorian London, the city of shocking setting contrast, reminds us of the contrasts that occur when things are shown to be very different from each other. Scandalize in the Play in classes both economically and sexually. Before the 15 years of this novel, Charles Darwin

Published the fictional novel "The Descent of Man." This had a remarkable impact on the society of England in literary circles. The idea is that humans carry animalistic and primitive trades emerge, and We notice that Mr. Hyde is a black drug-addicted caveman in nature. Although there is no explicit

Homosexuality in the book, Stevenson Alludes describes his perception of homosexuality in 18th Century England. He used euphemistic words to show homosexuality. Stevenson Characters or settings Are used to symbolize real-world issues or events currently. Homosexuality is considered a crime of Gross independence in England. It does not prevent men from being guys; all it forces them to do is Hide their sexuality, live double lives, and remain vulnerable to blackmail. That law, interestingly, Applies to men. The relationship between

Hyde and Dr. Jekyll looks like a homosexual relationship. Dr. Jekyll named his entire will Mr. Hyde and gave him the keys to the house. Stevenson His Scottish Background also raised a question about his background in Edinburgh, Scotland, where two societies are divided into two sections: one old town and a second new town. The new town is organized and beautiful. Without hidden secrets, another side of the old town has old, narrow streets and hidden doors. Some critics say that Stevenson wants to show the reality of that real Edinburgh. Jekyll lives in a rich house where there is a back door for the entrance of evil. The way duality permeates society and the cities we live in—places where the mega-rich lived in stone's throw from the miserable poor, not from the ancient handsome house of Leicester Square—is the dismal quartet of showing this contrast.

### **The Id Dr. Jekyll Unsatisfied Pleasure Fascinate By Mr Hyde**

Id is regarded as the inner drive that is legitimately suppressed by consciousness. It comes out in humans by birth, parallel to the animal instincts of sex, sleep, hunger, thirst, and rest. These instincts are deep-rooted in the pleasure principle and desire, compelling individuals to look for immediate satisfaction of all their needs, desires, and wants. Humans want control over their bodies, but they lack control over them, sometimes behaving in an animalistic way driven by their insatiable lust for desire and pleasure. If personality is governed by the id, that means that the person suffering from delinquent personality disorder in the novella Dr. Jekyll suffering from delinquent personality disorder wants to fulfil his desire to compare this spoils child who feels pleasure immediately without the difference between wrong and right Dr. Jekyll was born into a wealthy family and enjoyed a good reputation in society. However, despite these outward signs of success, he felt

trapped in his role of being virtuous and moral. He wore a grave expression in public, but this

was not a fulfilling way of life for him. Just like human nature itself, Dr. Jekyll recognized that there are both good and evil aspects within him. He wrote "Man is not truly one, but truly two (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.). He desired to hide his evil side, as it pleased him. He decided to experiment with separating his good and bad sides. The success of Dr. Jekyll's experiment resulted in the creation of a new persona, Mr. Hyde. Hyde can be seen as the dark and passionate shadow of Dr. Jekyll's good personality. Mr. Hyde is depicted as younger, more energetic, and full of immaturity. He is driven solely by his pleasures and desires; this represents the primitive, instinctual part of Mr. Hyde's personality and his primary concern with fulfilling primal urges such as hunger, lust, and aggression. Jekyll, being a good individual left behind, is addicted to being Hyde. "The thought at that moment braced and delighted me like wine (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.)." Jekyll is

now free from the personality of a good man. Jekyll shows his repressed desire and feeling that is imposed because of the fear of shame and reticence. This repression causes a conflict between his needs and composition. This suppression was done by Victorian society. The Victorian era is a well-known time of repression and suppression, especially when it comes to lust and sexuality. Jekyll was aware of the norms and rules of society when he turned into Mr. Hyde. Jekyll said, "That made me what I was, and with even a deeper trench that the majority of men served in those provinces if good and I'll which divided and composed man's dual nature having much like an uncontrollable animal (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.)." Id in Mr. Hyde's mind by birth; it leads to two crimes of cruelty that Mr. Hyde committed and shows his unconscious mind's action. The first victim is a little girl, and the second is an elderly man. In the first action, Mr. Hyde (the little man) walks from the eastward, and the younger girl is running because she is unable to cross the road. She falls near Hyde's feet, and Mr. Hyde calmly tramples over the young girl's body. This horror scene shows brutality and humanity's actions against innocent and helpless citizens. But Mr. Hyde does not care about anyone; this action is driven by his unconscious aggressive urges. According to Freud's theory, Mr. Hyde progressed through several stages of development. His actions were influenced by unresolved confusion from earlier stages, such as oral and phallic, where the child wanted to fulfil his desire immediately and was unable to differentiate between good and bad. Hyde's clothes show his evil soul; his clothes are as dirty as his soul. Stevenson compares this action with the metaphor of a 'juggernaut powerful vehicle running over a girl to point out the evilness of Victorian Society that repressed human desire. Mr. Richard Utterson was an eyewitness to this horror scene, and he called Mr. Hyde Satan on Earth. The second crime was the murder of an elderly man. With a cane. This shows how evilness crosses all borders. A young maidservant looking out the window sees a snow-haired gentleman and Mr. Hyde meeting in the street outside; she recognizes Hyde because he had visited her employer. The two men talk calmly, but suddenly Hyde starts beating an old man with his cane until his death. The maid called the police, and the police found a letter for Mr. Utterson to identify the body. "I shall say nothing till I have seen the body, he said. This may be very serious (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.)." Utterson identifies the dead body of Dr. Danvers Carew, a respected gentleman and client of Mr. Utterson. When Utterson finds the murder is done by Hyde, who tries to find him when he visits the house. The old maid says he is not in the house, and no one can describe Hyde's appearance as anything but evil. Utterson "He is not easy to describe. There is something wrong with his appearance. Displeasing, something downright detestable (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.)." Stevenson shows how beautifully imaginary life will change with reality, and the broken cane shows Dr. Jekyll's

identity as a good gentleman has lost its evilness; he crossed all boundaries, and there is no way to come back. Hyde's brutal act of murder displays the uncontrolled unleashing of repressed desire. How I'd mind breaking all societal constraints and revealing the danger of suppressing one's actual self and the potential for that suppressed darkness to manifest in Harmful ways? Freud says "Unexpressed emotions will never die they are Buried alive and will come forth later in uglier way (2015.218607.The-Ego.Pdf, n.d.)" "In movies and real life, we see many people who suffer from this disorder in India. In the famous Anniyan movie, the male character suffers from multiple disorders because he is let down by society, and love movies start with the line Anniyan has born and come for. Justices, but Hyde is Hidden in the unconscious mind, repressed their wishes and desires with the fear of shame and reticence Dominated by society. Stevenson says "All human Beings, as we meet them, are commingled out of Good and Evil (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.).

### **The Ego: Dr Jekyll Confront for Self-control**

The ego is consciousness's reality principal. The ego is intermediate between the ego and the superego. If the ego is weak, that means the personality of the person is imbalanced. If ego is weaker there are two possibilities first I'd becomes stronger second Superego becomes so Sigmund Freud quote "The Ego Is Not Master Of Own House" (2015.218607.The-Ego.Pdf, n.d.) In the id, humans behave like Animals, while in the superego, humans behave like angels, with the ego giving commands and forcing Men to behave like men, especially in socially accepted ways. ID is an animal like a horse, or ego is the rider of the horse and controls it. The ego is also placed in the unconscious mind, but it fulfils desire in an idealistic Nature, not in animal instincts or primitive drives. The ego is exploited in logical reasoning, settlement Marking, and problem-resolving processes to handle clashes between quick needs and external Limitations. Dr. Jekyll tries to create a harmonious balance in the middle of the I'd and the Superego. Jekyll is no stranger to the overwhelming power of Mr. Hyde, so he tries to hide his link with Him. He allowed Mr. Hyde to fulfil his desires freely and individually. Mr. Hyde's power became Overwhelming during his strong I'd; he murdered the old man and trampled over a little girl without any Sense of guilt. So, Dr. Jekyll now wants to sustain his social name and reputation as a good gentleman. In This situation and after the murder of the old man, Utterson visited Jekyll House. Poole dropped a Utterson in the Jekyll laboratory. Jekyll, who receives him in his laboratory, looks daftly ill, and his voice doesn't sound the same. Utterson asked Jekyll if he heard about Carew's murder, and Jekyll acknowledged, 'Yes, he has. Utterson told Jekyll that he is a lawyer for Carew's as well. Utterson asks Jekyll if he is hiding Hyde, and Jekyll says, "I swear to God, I will never set eyes on him again." And Promise Utterson he will never see him again (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.). Mr. Hyde then gives Utterson a message and

asks what he Will do with this, as he fears that if he gives it to the police, his reputation will be a disgrace. The letter is From Hyde and says to Jekyll that he will leave this area and that he shouldn't come back, and don't try to look for him. Utterson asked, Jekyll is hiding; is blackmailing Jekyll? Jekyll replied in the form of an Affirmative, I am done with him; I was thinking about my reputation and character (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.)." Jekyll is Attempting to reach an agreement with Utterson and says, "You know I am a man to be trusted (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.). After some days, Jekyll started a new journey, and on January 8, Jekyll went to a dinner party with his Friends, invited all his old friends, and attended them at the last moment of the party. Begin a new life with the new year. Everyone notices that the old days of Jekyll are back; his face seems brighter and Happier. Jekyll started changing his routine; he spent time with friends and relatives. Engages in religious Organizations and charitable activities, regularly seeing Jekyll, and Mr. Jekyll becomes a new man with new hopes and decides he is now obliged to no longer take his potion. After more than two months, the Doctor finds a piece, and that's good for society too, because during this period no criminal activity happened. Jekyll's friend Dr. Lanyon says, "Now that that evil influence has been withdrawn, a new life has Begun for Dr. Jekyll. In Sigmund Freud's theory, we can say Jekyll wants to be back in his positive and Normal state, which can only be possible through mental peace. Both taking a cure and Eros helping individuals come back to normal life and leading to psychological calmness of mind, Eros is a positive and Affirmative life drive that gives power to humans for a cheerful and happiest life, helping in healing and growing. While taking a cure, individuals get insight into the human unconscious mind through the Hypnotizing process and heal their childhood trauma and desire. Overall, both methods help us get back to normal in life.

### **The Death of Dr. Lanyon Resurfacing the Superego In By Jekyll**

The superego is frequently indicator as a community Ethical and social protector and manifests interesting characteristics of man's mental stability and processes it applies ethical limitation upon Human beings The superego is based on the morality principle; it's played an important role in Conducting human behaviors; it's dominant human psychological mind and place in a human's Conscience mind. If a person's mind is governed by the superego, that means he has a neurotic Disorder. That means the human mind is imbalanced and works and thinks like a god within Perfectness. It gives gratification to the mind in a particular instance is ethical or not; it's completely Controlling the human mind's desire, placed in the unconscious mind so a human behaves like a god or Angle in the man his thoughts are extremely spiritual he will do nothing that is against society moral Ethics and norms that cherished by other humans it gives command and pressure to human for learned from the others human's

how to behave in the right manner it supersedes all inner desire that lead to unethical things for example if someone follows all rules that government create he will be pressurized everyone for the follow that rules. It's a platform that makes humans feel guilty and great. At the same time and wants to control over their human id or unconscious mind. It leads humans to create high-minded characters and alternative personalities of choices that can be accepted in society and neglect all the thoughts that are not good for their character or behavior, like a sex hunger thirst that comes in humans with birth, but when they start growing, their minds change and they learn from other the accepted manner. It can be obvious as an opinion of thought and reason and an origin of guiltiness or a leading strength of human mind. Conclusion: superego imprint leave behind an permanent mark on human psyche. During the creation of chemical Dr. Jekyll, the brain was governed by the superego and neurotic mind-set. When he succeeded in separating the dual nature of humans, he decided that he would not negatively impact someone and would not harm anyone. He felt motivated to complete his desire, but he took responsibility to maintain his personality. But there is always a thick line between goodness and badness. After the murder of the crew, Jekyll feels guilty and fearful of the power of Hyde, which makes him stronger day by day. When Dr. Jekyll falls asleep, he awakens up in the shape of Mr. Hyde. They both share a memory where Dr. Jekyll sees Hyde making chemicals for himself. And that is a heart-breaking, dangerous incident. Jekyll said, "If I am the chief of sinners, I am the chief of sufferers also (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.)." Because his body changes into Hyde without using any chemicals, even in public places. When, for two months, Dr. Jekyll tries to hide the Hyde, Jekyll tries to make a different chemical for destroying Hyde, but this time he fails, and Hyde's bad feeling grows for Dr. Jekyll also. He also taps into Hyde's identity. Jekyll also hated I still hated and feared the thought of the brute that slept within me (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.)"

Dr. Lanyon was a childhood friend and science partner of Dr. Jekyll. In the Dr. Lanyon narrative, Jekyll writes a letter to Dr. Lanyon: "Postpone all other engagements and take a cab for Jekyll's house. Poole welcomes Dr. Lanyon, and then Dr. Jekyll forces him to open an old drawer, where he includes some powders, bloody red liquor, and salt. He provides all the chemicals to Jekyll without any knowledge, and he thinks Jekyll is developing some mental illness. But one midnight, someone knocked on the door of Lanyon. Some small-height man introduced himself as Hyde and forced Dr. Lanyon to provide the chemical or offer him to witness what would come next. He takes that potion and changes into Jekyll. This incident shocked Dr. Lanyon; who suffered a deep and traumatic shock to witness the change of Hyde into Jekyll. It seems something is unbelievable, and he declared that the shock would kill him. During the visit, Dr. Lanyon asks

why he broke all the relations with Jekyll, and he says, "I wish to hear or speak no more of Dr. Jekyll. At that time, he gives a letter to Utterson in which he mentions this incident. And instructs "not to be opened till the death or disappearance of Dr. Jekyll (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.). Jekyll not only directly murders Dr. Lanyon, but his actions will also break the circle of friendship. Jekyll and Lanyon—no man will help that much. He helped Jekyll deal with it. It affects Jekyll deeply and leads him to feel guilty. He is conscious of how his behavior impacts others. Again, his mind is governed by his superego. Dr. Jekyll not only directly murders Dr. Lanyon, but his actions will also break the circle of friendship. Jekyll and Lanyon—no man will help that much. He helped Jekyll deal with it. It affects Jekyll deeply and leads him to feel guilty. He is conscious of how his behavior impacts others. Again, his mind is governed by his superego. "The loss of my dear friend Dr. Lanyon only reinforces the gravity of my secret experiments. The line between good and evil has become blurred, and I fear what further harm I may cause. And another incident is about Jekyll and family idealism. Hyde destroys Jekyll's father's portrait, which has a bad impact on Jekyll. By destroying the portrait, Hyde not only rejects his origins and family ties but also symbolically denies Jekyll's connection to his past. It's satire on Victorian society: the end of the journey of the gods from being strong powers emanating from nature and the external realm into psychological forces within us. Nietzsche (1887/1974) proclaimed, God is dead. And we have killed him. This was probably the worst question he asked later. "What water is left with which we can clean ourselves?" (Langford, n.d.) The good old days of conveniently having the devil to blame or even the 'God out there' and his shadow side on this earth disappeared because men stopped to believe.

Traditional modern boundaries. It's full of Jekyll's guilt and remorse for creating Hyde, Jekyll. I felt a burning shame succeed the anger of remorse; I knew myself, at the first breath of this new life, to be more wicked, tenfold more wicked, sold a slave to my original evil (Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde - Robert Louis Stevenson - Google Books, n.d.).

### **The Sinister Legacy: Dr Jekyll's Final Writing Words**

First, Dr. Jekyll starts with his background, his life as a gentleman, and his cultural family. And about his experiments with chemicals, how did he suffer? One morning, he changed into Hyde without using any chemicals. He was stranded in public, far from his lab, with a death sentence hanging over his head.

Hyde should act fast. He should take refuge at the hotel and write two letters, one to Utterson and one to Poole. He wrote about everything, including how he discovered his holy grail substance that could transform him and grant him his wish. He doesn't revise his exact scientific process for two important reasons: first, he realizes far too late that our

attempts to discard our natural burdens make them return with a vengeance. Secondly, because Jekyll's discourages were incomplete, when Jekyll had the Drug at hand, it was a long time before he drank it. The risks were enormous. What if he overdosed and died? But the temptations of knowing consumed him. One day, he finally drank it. His agony was immediate. His bones felt like they were being ground together. He was hit with waves of terrible nausea. Then, just as quickly as it all came on, he saw the mirror. He became Mr. Hyde. However, he has failed to develop a second chemical that will permanently transform him into Dr. Jekyll. He is the only man who is evil.

Sometimes Dr. Jekyll would cringe at the memories of what he did to me, Hyde, so Jekyll reluctantly gave up Mr. Hyde and endeavoured to live a good life. Dr. Jekyll finally realized that no act of self-inquiry was worth the evil. Dr. Jekyll believed that the success of the first batch was due to an unknown impurity; it was impossible to fund it now. Therefore, Jekyll honestly investigates himself. Yes, everybody is dark desire-oriented- they enjoy their privacy, yet they still want to act morally in public, and Jekyll preaches honesty leading up to moral purification. This turn of things reveals a remarkable aspect of Jekyll's personality; he is unwilling to conduct himself as a dual life. His investigation motivates him because he feels ashamed deeply compared to others. He is propelled by death, and the intensity of his emotions is what drives him on. He is also self-destructive as a scientific visionary. Although Jekyll indulges in immoral actions, let's just focus on the moral facade presented in front of the public and then it probably boils down to hypocrites. Why would this mystery be scarier than our contemplation of the awful presence, which is so deeply rooted within our souls? Dr. Jekyll sacrificed his life by taking our place in following a fateful route. He has made it easy for us to interpret and embrace our dark side.

## **CONCLUSION**

The book presents an engaging account of the human mind and how the idea of transformation impacts the id, ego, and superego. It focuses on the grim fact that a massive percentage of the worldwide population which stands at approximately 1.5% suffers from two personality conditions. Unfortunately, people suffering from leprosy face organization and the worst effects on their existence in several towns and localities. The way society failed to appreciate and interpret dual personalities is shown through the portrayal of Jekyll and this emphasizes the immediate need for compassion, education, and awakening ourselves to break free from the cycle of violence and injustices. About this subject, Dr. Jekyll, a respected man in society, represents a part of the self that is kept under control, while Mr. Hyde represents a part of the self that is darker, unrestrained, and impulsive that resides within the way Stevenson explores how they co-exist is a real masterpiece that demonstrates the fight the adult (Ego) against the primitive (Id). The struggle serves as a metaphor for an individual with two personalities who

have inner conflicts, turmoil, as well as resulting tragic endings. Id signifies the impulsive and pleasurable aspect of the unconscious, which is dominated by instant cravings and fulfillment. The ego functions essentially as a mediator for the conflict requirements of the Ego and the moral limitations of the Superego—the internalized norms and ethical standards society upholds. Nevertheless, the failure of the Superego and its laws to take into consideration the intricacies of double identities results in such people as Jekyll being shunned by society. This rejection This refusal perpetrates a culture of ignorance, leading to catastrophic consequences for those who are misconceived and excluded.

This demonstrates that about one percent of the world population is suffering from dual personalities and thus demands attention on this issue. People who have multiple personalities are rarely open with it, especially within the community where knowledge about the issue is less. Unfortunately, many innocent children are even sentenced or murdered because of the failure of society to understand and be compassionate towards people with two souls. For society to liberate itself from this circle of violence, and injustice, it would be important to develop the culture around understanding, awareness-raising, and education on mental illness. This is necessary to provide the society that can show compassion, understanding, and help to people who suffer from two personal

DE stigmatization is essential in creating an inclusive society. convert written to AI written Through education, some of these misconceptions can be dispelled and people will begin to sympathize with persons who suffer from such disorders. This will help de-stigmatise and make it possible for people who experience such to seek help, support, and treatment without judgment and stigma; hence, making them safe in society.

In addition, there is a need for policymakers to recognize that the mental health problems that are rampant among members of this class of society are usually very complex and require specialized mental health services and support systems in rural areas. Communities should provide culturally sensitive mental health services that are easily accessible to prevent marginalization and stigmatization of disadvantaged groups.

Therefore, "The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" should be considered an exemplary story that stresses the importance of accepting and comprehending persons who possess distinct personalities. Stevenson uses the characters of Jekyll and Hyde to urge society to face the prejudice or bias it has against some people. It also calls for a need to support people who struggle or are battling with some inner demons. Through education, sympathy, and shunning of societal norms. Show compassion and support to people who struggle with their mental monsters. Education, empathy, and the rejection of society's unaccommodating norms are the only ways of building a world where each individual's psychological complications will be taken care of.

Lastly, "The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" together with Freud's theory of Id, Ego, and Superego illustrates how the minds are affected by these concepts. It emphasizes how important it is to do something about those in the world who have a split personality and how necessary society should be in providing such people with compassion and support instead of denouncing them and sending them away. When we accept these changes, then, we will have shattered society's rejection-violence vicious circle in favor of an amiable world for all.

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